

المملكة العربية السعودية وزارة التعليم العالي جامعة أم القرى كلية التربية — مكة المكرمة قسم المناهج وطرق التدريس

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إعداد الطالب:

إشراف :

(بحث مكمل لمطالب الحصول على درجة الماجستير في المناهج وطرق التدريس) الفصل الفصل الدراسي الثاني 1273هـ - 7000 م



Abstract

Effectiveness of self directed learning in assisting second year intermediate school students to learn English grammar .

This research sought to explore the potentials of self directed learning (SDL) as a teaching technique to help second-year students at Al-Falah intermediate school in the Holy City of Makkah. The grammatical structures taught were parts of the syllabus. These structures were taught, through the proposed self-teaching strategy, at the first three levels of cognition according to Bloom's taxonomy of educational objectives: recall, comprehension, and application. The teaching strategy under study were compared with the traditional teaching method. To accomplish this objective the researcher employed the quasi-experimental method. The sample of (53) students drawn from the second- year students at Al-Falah Intermediate school in the Holy City of Makkah during the Second Academic Semester of 1426H. The sample was assigned to two groups: the experimental (N:28) taught grammar through SDL and the control (N:25) taught grammar using conventional teaching strategies.

The researcher prepared the instrument for gathering his data. The instrument was an achievement test that he presented to some field experts (referees) to verify its validity and appropriateness for the purpose under investigation. The test was then re-constructed on the light of the experts remarks and alteration proposed. For checking reliability of the test the researcher selected an exploratory sample who took the test and with the split-half procedure the achievement test's reliability index was found to be (.83) Then both groups were administered a pre-test, were subjected to the experiment under study which lasted for two weeks and then a posttest was administered to the two groups. The data gathered from the tests were statistically analyzed according to SPSS program and the analysis of covariance ANCOVA . A pre-test was administered to the groups .

Results of the Study:

- 1. Statistically significant differences existed between the performances of the experimental group which had been taught grammar according to SDL strategy and the control group that followed the traditional techniques, in behalf of the experimental group at the Recall level of learning.
- 2. Statistically significant differences existed between the experimental and control groups' performances in behalf of the experimental students at the Comprehension Level of learning.
- 3. Statistically significant differences existed between the two groups' performances in behalf of the experimental at the Application Level of learning.
- 4. Statistically significant differences existed between the experimental and control groups in each group's combined achievements at the three levels of Recall, Comprehension and Application taken together, in favor of the experimental students.

Recommendations:

- 1. This study shows an effect of using SDL in learning English grammar.
- 2. SDL programs should allow for a larger amount of stimulation and motivation through their illustrative examples and applications to assist students in learning the grammatical rule in question.

Suggestions:

Similar studies dealing with SDL in learning other English language skills need to be carried out, particularly listening, speaking and reading skills.

ملخص الدراسة

()) . (, SPSS (ANCOVA) (,) . (,) .(,) .(,) .(,)

إهداء

إلى من لا أنسى فضلهما ، وسهرهما الطويل ، وصبرهما الجميل ، ودعواتهما المباركة حتى ظهرت هذه الثمرة اليانعة التي أقطفها الآن .. إلى والدي العزيزين ، بارك الله في حياتهما ، ورزقني برهما ، وحفظهما من كل مكروه .

إلى من رافقتني طوال هذه الرحلة .. بصبرها ، ومساعدتها ، ولمست منها كريم بذلها وتضحيتها .. زوجتي أم عبد العزيز ، وفقها الله لكل ما يحب ويرضى .

إلى جميع الأساتذة ، والمشرفين ، والمعلمين ، والباحثين .. المعنيين بسير العملية التعليمية والارتقاء بأبنائنا الطلاب ..

إليكم جميعاً أهدي هذا الجهد العلمي المتواضع .

الباحث

شكر وتقدير

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الباحث

قائمة الموضوعات

رقم الصفحة	اسم الموضوع
	الفصل الأول :
	مشكلة الدراسة ، وتحديدها ، وخطوات بحثها .
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الفصل الثاني :

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ثانياً : الدراسات السابقة :
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الفصل الثالث :
إجراءات الدراسة الميدانية .
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الفصل الرابع :
عرض نتائج الدراسة ومناقشتها وتفسيرها .
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الفصل الخامس :
. حصى الدراسة، ونتائجها ، وتوصياتها ، ومقترحاتها .
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فهرس المصادر والمراجع .
ملاحق الدراسة .

قائمة الجداول

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الفصل

الأول:

- ا. المقدمة.
- ۲. تحدید مشکلة الدراسة .
 - ٣. أهمية الحراسة .
 - ع. أهداف الدراسة.
 - ٥. مصطلحاتالدراسة.
 - ٦. حدود الدراسة.

الفصل الأول : مشكلة الدراسة وتحديدها ، وخطوات بحثها . المقدمة :

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Approach (1999) Birdsong

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تحديد مشكلة الدراسة ؛

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س/ ما أثر استخدام التعلم الذاتي الموجه في تعلم طلاب الصف الثاني متوسط قواعد اللغة الإنجليزية .؟

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أهمية الدراسة :

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أهداف الدراسة :

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الفصل الثاني :

- ا. الإطار النظري للدراسة .
 - ۲. الحراسات السابقة .

الفصل الثاني : الخلفية النظرية للدراسة .

أولاً : الإطار النظري :

تمهید :

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٣. مبادئ التعلم الفعال:

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(٤. العوامل المؤثرة في التعلم : (motivation أولاً: الدوافع. maturation practice

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Individualizing Instruction التعليم المفرد: التعليم المفرد

Individually Prescribed Instruction

. Individually Guided Programs

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Self Directed Learning . التعلم الذاتي الموجه

ا. مفهوم التعلم الذاتي الموجه :

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۲. سمات التعلم الذاتي الموجه:

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٣. الخصائص التربوية للتعلم الذاتي الموجه.

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٤. الحاجة للتعلم الذاتي الموجه.

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المبحث الرابع : تعلم اللغة الإنجليزية

English language learning

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ا. تعلم اللغة الأجنبية واكتسابها

Acquisition & learning a foreign language

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language learning

٢. طرق اكتساب اللغة الإنجليزية ؛

a foreign language learning

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Procedural and Task-based Approach ثالثاً : النظرية الإجرائية

task

The Cognitive Approach

رابعاً: النظرية المعرفية

Chomsky

خامساً : النظرية السمعية الشفوية حامساً : النظرية السمعية الشفوية

William Moulton

The Communicative Approach سادساً: النظرية التواصلية Chomsky Deductive Method

. دور مدرس اللغة الإنجليزية.

0. مبادئ تعلم اللغة الإنجليزية كلغة أجنبية. Principles for learning English as a foreign language

. (2003) Regional Educational Laboratory

Increase Comprehensibility المبدأ الأول : زيادة الوضوح

Krashen

Increase Interaction
Swain theory

المبدأ الثاني : زيادة التفاعل

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. real-life situation

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المبدأ الثالث : زيادة التفكير مع زيادة مهارات الدراسة Increase Thinking/Study Skills

Cummins's theories

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Chamot and O'Malley (1994)
(CALLA)

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المبدأ الرابع: استخدام اللغة الأصلية للطالب من أجل زيادة الوضوح Use a student's native language to increase comprehensibility

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Thomas and Collier

آهداف تعليم اللغة الإنجليزية في المملكة العربية السعودية :

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٧. صعوبات تعلم اللغة الأجنبية ؛ mother language foreign language second language

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٨. فوائد استخدام التعلم الذاتي في تعلم اللغة الإنجليزية ؛ (

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ثانياً : الدراسات السابقة

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: (1987) Eichel

" The Effects of computer-assisted Cloze procedure on the : Acquisition of English as a Second Language " .

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: (1988) Deutsch

"Word Processing : A Motivational Force in : Developmental English, A Comparison of Two Developmental English Class" .

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: (1991) Al-Juhani

" The Effectiveness of Computer-Assisted Instruction in : Teaching English as a Foreign Language in Saudi Secondary School" .

: (1995) Atiyyat

"The Effect of Computer Assisted Instruction upon Tenth: Grade Students' Mastering of English Vocabulary".

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: (2001) Alsouqi

"The effect of using computers in teaching composition on : the writing performance of tenth grade students in Amman private schools".

: () التعليق على الدراسات السابقة : المجال الأول في إجراءات الدراسة،

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الفصل الثالث:

إجراءات الدراسة الميدانية .

الفصل الثالث : إجراءات الدراسة الميدانية .

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ثانياً : مجتمع الدراسة :

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past simple tense

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رابعاً : أداة الدراسة ومراحل بنائها :

(weekends)

past simple tense

levels

levels of the past simple tense:

- 1. The past tense of regular & irregular verbs.
- 2. Did in yes / no questions with past simple tense.
- 3. Wh questions with past tense verbs .

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cognitive
psycho-
                              affective level
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level	Behavioral objectives					
past tense of regular & irregular verbs.	 To give the past tense of regular & irregular verbs. To identify the past tense of regular & irregular verbs through context. To apply the past tense of regular & irregular verbs in new sentences. 					
Did in yes / no questions with past simple tense.	 To select did questions and answers with past simple tense. To distinguish did questions and answers with past simple tens. To write questions and answers using did in yes / no questions with past simple tense. 					
Wh questions with past tense verbs.	 To select wh questions and answers with past simple tense. To distinguish wh questions and answers with past simple tens. To write wh questions with past simple tense. 					

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behavioral objectives achievement test comprehension comprehension application application percentage percentage recall recall total total subject matter Num 1 past tense of 33.3 regular & irregular 33.3 1 1 1 3 4 4 4 12 % verbs. % 2 Did in yes / no 33.3 33.3 questions with past 1 1 1 3 4 4 4 **12** % % simple tense. 3 Wh questions with 33.3 past tense verbs. 33.3 1 1 3 4 4 4 12 % 1 % **TOTAL** 100% 100 9 3 3 3 12 12 12 36 **%** percentage 100% 33.3 100% 33.3 33.3 33.3 100 33.3 33.3 100 % % % **%** % % % **%**

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Lesson's number	level	Behavioral objectives	Knowledge levels
	most tomas of	1. To give the past tense of regular & irregular verbs.	recall
1	past tense of regular & irregular verbs.	2. To identify the past tense of regular & irregular verbs through context.	comprehension
		3. To apply the past tense of regular & irregular verbs in new sentences .	application
	Did in yes / no	1. To select did questions and answers with past simple tense.	recall
2	questions with the past simple tense. 2. To distinguish did questions and answers with past simple tens.		comprehension
		3. To write questions and answers using did in yes / no questions with past simple tense.	application
	Wh questions	1. To select wh questions and answers with past simple tense	recall
3	Wh questions with past tense verbs.	2. To distinguish wh questions and answers with past simple tens.	comprehension
		3. To write wh questions with past simple tense.	application

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وقد وجد الباحث أن:
   خامساً : تصميم برنامج التعلم الذاتي الموجه وتحكيمه :
past
                          ( weekends )
                                                   simple tense
Keller
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· : أولاً: دراسة المحتوى العلمي للمادة المراد برمجتها.

ثانياً : تحديد الأهداف السلوكية المراد تحقيقها .

ثالثاً: تجميع المادة العلمية وتنظيمها، عبر المواءمة بين المحتوى العلمي والأهداف.

رابعاً: تصميم إطارات البرنامج.

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أولاً: دراسة المحتوى العلمي للمادة المراد برمجتها.

past simple tense

levels

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- 1. The past tense of regular & irregular verbs.
- 2. Did in yes / no questions with the past simple tense.
- 3. Wh questions with past tense verbs.

ثانياً: تحديد الأهداف السلوكية المراد تحقيقها.

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1st lesson: The past tense of regular & irregular verbs.

2nd lesson: Did in yes / no questions with past simple tense.

3rd lesson :Wh questions with past tense verbs .

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<u>levels</u>	Behavioral objectives
past tense of regular & irregular verbs.	 To give the past tense of regular & irregular verbs. To identify the past tense of regular & irregular verbs through context. To apply the past tense of regular & irregular verbs in new sentences.
Did in yes / no questions with past simple tense. Wh questions with past tense verbs.	 To select did questions and answers with past simple tense. To distinguish did questions and answers with past simple tens. To write questions and answers using did in yes / no questions with past simple tense. To select wh questions and answers with past simple tense. To distinguish wh questions and answers with past simple tens. To write wh questions with past simple tense.

ثالثاً: تجميع المادة العلمية وتنظيمها، عبر المواءمة بين المحتوى العلمي والأهداف.

و

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- 1. Past tense of regular verbs. (page 23)
- 2. Negative sentences in the past tense using didn't. (page 23)
- 3. Did in yes / no questions with the past simple tense. (page 24)
- 4. Past tense of irregular verbs. (page 26)
- 5. Wh questions with past tense verbs . (page 26)

	:		
2.3.4.	Past tense of regular verbs. Past tense of irregular verbs.) Did in yes / no questions with the past Negative sentences in the past tense with the past tense with the past tense with the past tense with past tense verbs.	using didn't .	
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إجراء الاختبار البعدي
 إجراء الاختبار البعدي

سابعاً : الأساليب الإحصائية :

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Statistical) SPSS .

(Packages for Social Sciences

. (ANCOVA)

الفصل

الرابع :

- ا. نتائج الدراسة .
- ا. مناقشة نتائج الحراسة وتفسيرها.

الفصل الرابع : عرض نتائج الدراسة ، وتفسيرها ، ومناقشتها :

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(ANCOVA) (SPSS)

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الفصل

الخامس:

- ا. ملخص الدراسة ونتائجها .
 - ۲. توصیات الدراسة .
 - ٣. مقترحات الدراسة .

الفصل الخامس :

ملخص الدراسة ونتائجها وتوصياتها ومقترحاتها :

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أولاً: ملخص الدراسة ونتائجها:

• ملخص الدراسة:

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• خطوات الدراسة:

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<u>:</u> .

• خلاصة النتائج:

أولاً: فيما يتعلق باستخدام أسلوب التعلم الذاتي الموجه في مجال تذكر قواعد اللغة الانحليزية:

ثانياً: فيما يتعلق باستخدام أسلوب التعلم الذاتي الموجه في فهم قواعد اللغة الإنجليزية:

ثالثاً: فيما يتعلق باستخدام أسلوب التعلم الذاتي الموجه في تطبيق قواعد اللغة الإنجليزية:

رابعاً: فيما يتعلق باستخدام أسلوب التعلم الذاتي الموجه في المجالات الثلاث: التذكر والفهم والتطبيق لقواعد اللغة الانجليزية:

ثانياً: توصية الدراسة:

ثالثاً: توصيات لدراسات مستقبلية:

رابعاً: مقترحات الدراسة:

فهرس المصادر والمراجع

فهرس المصادر والمراجع

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ملاحق الدراسة

ملحق رقم ا

الاختبار التحصيلي في صيغته الأولية

AL – FALAH INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL 1426 - 1427 H



Total mark:

45

English language exam

Class: (2 /)

A. Choose the past tense of these verbs:

1. stop

a. stops

Name الاسم:

- b. stopping
- c. stop
- d. stopped

2. fly

a. fly

- b. flies
- c. flew
- d. flying

3. help

- a. helped
- b. help
- c. helps
- d. helping

4. eat

- a. eats
- b. eat
- c. eating
- d. ate

5. drive

- a. driving
- b. drove
- c. drives
- d. drive

B. Select the sentence that has verbs in the past tense:

6.

- a. He is praying in the mosque now.
- b. He prayed in the mosque yesterday.
- c. He prays in the mosque everyday .

7.

- a. They went to Abha last week.
- b. They go to Abha every summer.
- c. They are going to Abha now.

8.

- a. Talal sleeps 6 hours everyday.
- b. Talal is sleeping now.
- c. Talal slept 6 hours yesterday.

9.

- a. She cooked a cake last Saturday.
- b. She cooks a cake every evening.
- c. She is cooking a cake now.

10.

- a. We watch TV every evening.
- b. We are watching TV now.
- c. We watched TV yesterday.

C. Change the verbs into past tense:

11. I (visit) my father yesterday.

12.	He (eat) an app	ole last week .			
13.	13. Ali (help) his mother yesterday .				
14.	She (drink) a c	up of tea yesterday evening.			
15.	They (play) ten	nis last Monday .			
	cle the correct wers in the past	word to have questions or simple tense:			
16.	he write th	e homework?			
	a. Do	b. Did			
	c. Dose	d. Is			
17.	No , hewr	ite it .			
	a. doesn't	b. isn't			
	c. don't	d. didn't			
18.	Did heear	ly last night?			
	a. slept	b. sleep			
	c. sleeps	d. sleeping			
19.	Yes, he did . He	at 10 o'clock.			
	a. sleeping	b. sleep			
	c. sleeps	d. slept			
20.	He go to J	leddah last week .			
	a. don't	b. isn't			
	c. doesn't	d. didn't			

E. Discover the relationship between questions and answers in the following:

21. Did he eat the apple?

a. Yes, he does. He usually eats apples it in the morning.

b. Yes, he is. He is eating it in the morning.
c. Yes, he did . He ate it in the morning.
d. Yes, he will eat it in the morning.
22. Did Kamal visit Ali yesterday?
a. No, he will not. He will visit Sami.
b. No, he isn't. He is visiting Sami.
c. No, he didn't . He visited Sami.
d. No, he doesn't . He visits Sami.
23? Yes, he played football.
a. Will he play football?
b. Is he playing football?
c. Did he play football?
d. Does he play football?
24? No, he didn't.
a. Did he drive the bus?
b. Will he drive the bus?
c. Is he driving the bus?
d. Does he drive the bus?
25. Did she watch TV last night?
a. Yes, she does . She watches the news .
b. Yes, she is . She is watching the news .
c. Yes, she will . She will watch the news .
d. Yes, she did . She watched the news .
F. Write the questions or the answers of the following:
Example: Did you play football yesterday?
Yes , I played football yesterday .
26. Did they go to Abha last Friday?

27. Yes, he prayed	l Fajr yesterday .
28. Did she visit Lo	ondon last summer?
29. No , he didn't p	olay football .
30. Did Ali drink n	nilk yesterday ?
	ct word to have questions past simple tense:
31. What did she	last night ?
a. cooked	b. cook
c. cooks	d. cooking
32. Where did you	go yesterday? I to my school.
a. went	b. go
c. did	d. where
33 visited T	alal last Monday ? Adel .
a. Who	b. is
c. did	d. are
34. What you	u write yesterday?
a. did	b. do
c. does	d. is
35. When did he pla	ay yesterday? He at 5o'clock.
a. plays	b. playing

c. plays

d. played

H. Discover the relationship between questions and answers in the following:

36. Where did he go last summer?

- a. He goes to Turkey.
- b. He went to Turkey.
- c He is going to Turkey.
- d. He will go to Turkey.

37...... He watched the game .

- a. What did he watch?
- b. What is he watching?
- c. What does he watch?
- d. What did he watched?

38. Who helped the old man last night?

- a. Adil help him.
- b. Adil helps him.
- c. Adil helped him.
- d. Adil is helping him.

39...... He prayed in Haram last Friday.

- a. When does he pray in Haram?
- b. When did he pray in Haram?
- c. When is he praying in Haram?
- d. When will he pray in Haram?

40. When did the plane fly to Tabuk yesterday?

- a. It fly at 10 o'clock in the morning.
- b. It flies at 10 o'clock in the morning. . .

- c. It is flying at 10 o'clock in the morning.
- d. It flew at 10 o'clock in the morning.

I.	Write the	questions	or	the	answers	of the
	following	:				

Final Following:

Example: What did you play yesterday? (football)

I played football yesterday.

41. Where did Sami go last week? (to Taif)

42. She cocked the cake last night.

When

43. Who helped his father? (Kamal)

44. They drunk apple juice.

What

45. What did he watch? (the football game)

ملحق رقم ۲

قائمة الأساتذة المحكمين

جهة العمل	الوظيفة	الاسم	Р
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قائمة بأسماء محكمي برنامج التعلم الذاتي

جهة العمل	الوظيفة	الاسم	Р

ملحق رقم ۳

الاختبار التحصيلي في صيغته النهائية

AL – FALAH INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL 1426 - 1427 H



Total mark:

36

English language exam

Name الاسم:	Class: (2/)
	:
:	:
past simple tense	\Diamond
. ()	\Diamond
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•	\Diamond
•	\Diamond
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i. Choose the past tense of these verbs:

1. stop

- a. stops
- b. stopping
- c. stop
- d. stopped

- 2. fly
 - a. fly
- b. flies
- c. flew
- d. flying

- 3. help
 - a. helped
- b. help

c. helps

d. helping

- 4. eat
 - a. eats
- b. eat

d. ate

c. eating

ii.		rect word to have questions or past simple tense :		
5.	5 he write the homework?			
	a. Do	b. Did		
	c. Dose	d. Is		
6.	No, hewr	ite it .		
	a. doesn't	b. isn't		
	c. don't	d. didn't		
7. Did heearly last night?				
	a. slept	b. sleep		
	c. sleeps	d. sleeping		
8.	Yes, he did . He	at 10 o'clock .		
	a. sleeping	b. sleep		
	c. sleeps	d. slept		
iii.		errect word to have questions he past simple tense:		
9.	What did she	last night?		
	a. cooked	b. cook		
	c. cooks	d. cooking		
10	.Where did you g	o yesterday? I to my school.		
	a. went	b. go		
	c. did	d. where		
11	.What you	write yesterday?		
	a. did	b. do		
	c. does	d. is		
4.0	337	v vesterday ? Heat 50'clock		

- a. plays
- b. playing
- c. plays
- d. played

iv. Select the sentence that has verbs in the past tense:

13.

- a. He is praying in the mosque now.
- b. He prayed in the mosque yesterday.
- c. He prays in the mosque everyday .

14.

- a. They went to Abha last week.
- b. They go to Abha every summer.
- c. They are going to Abha now.

15.

- a. Talal sleeps 6 hours everyday.
- b. Talal is sleeping now.
- c. Talal slept 6 hours yesterday.

16.

- a. She cooked a cake last Saturday.
- b. She cooks a cake every evening.
- c. She is cooking a cake now.

v. Discover the relationship between questions and answers in the following:

17. Did he eat the apple?

- a. Yes, he does. He usually eats apples it in the morning.
- b. Yes, he is. He is eating it in the morning.
- c. Yes, he did. He ate it in the morning.
- d. Yes, he will eat it in the morning.

18.Did Kamal visit Ali yesterday?

- a. No, he will not. He will visit Sami.
- b. No, he isn't. He is visiting Sami.

	c. No, he didn't . He visited Sami.
	d. No, he doesn't . He visits Sami.
19.	? Yes, he played football.
	a. Will he play football?
	b. Is he playing football?
	c. Did he play football?
	d. Does he play football?
20.	? No, he didn't.
	a. Did he drive the bus ?
	b. Will he drive the bus?
	c. Is he driving the bus?
	d. Does he drive the bus?
vi.	Discover the relationship between questions
	and answers in the following:
21.	Where did he go last summer?
	a. He goes to Turkey.
	b. He went to Turkey .
	c He is going to Turkey .
	d. He will go to Turkey .
22.	He watched the game.
	a. What did he watch?
	b. What is he watching?
	c. What does he watch?
	d. What did he watched?
23.	Who helped the old man last night?
	a. Adil help him.
	b. Adil helps him.
	c. Adil helped him.
	d. Adil is helping him.
24.	
	a. When does he pray in Haram?
	b. When did he pray in Haram?

c. When is he praying in Haram?

'ii. 25.	Change the verbs into past tense: I (visit) my father yesterday.
26.	He (eat) an apple last week.
27.	She (drink) a cup of tea yesterday evening.
28.	They (play) tennis last Monday .
ii.	Write the questions or the answers of t following:
1	Example: Did you play football yesterday?
	Yes , I played football yesterday .
29.	Did they go to Abha last Friday?
30.	Yes , he prayed Fajr yesterday .
31.	Did she visit London last summer?
	No , he didn't play football .

ix. Write the questions or the answers of the following:

Example: What did you play yesterday? (football) I <u>played</u> football yesterday.

33. Where did Sami go last week? (to Taif)			
34. She cocked the cake last night. When			
35. Who helped his father? (Kamal)			
36. They drunk apple juice .			
What			

ملحق رقم ٤

إطارات برنامج التعلم الذاتي الموجه في صورتها النهائية

إطارات برنامج التعلم الذاتى فى صورتها النهائية

الإطار الأخير للبرنامج

مقدمة البرنامج





تعليمات خاصة بولى أمر الطالب

تعليمات خاصة بالطالب للتعرف على استخدام البرنامج

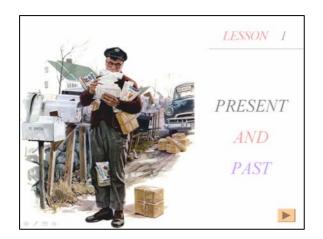


تعريف بمحتويات البرنامج وشرائحه وأهدافه





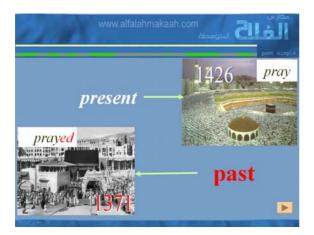


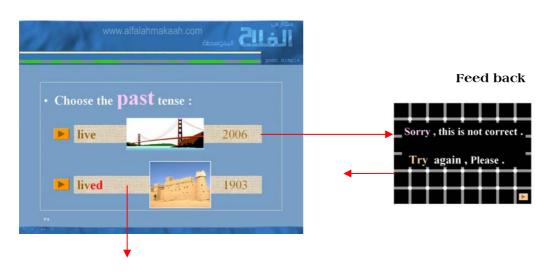


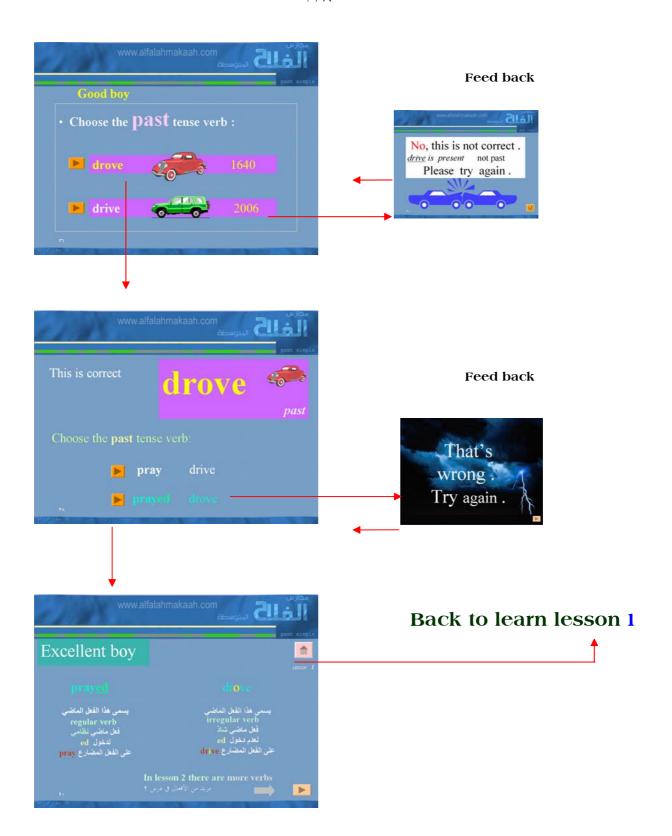
Lesson:1

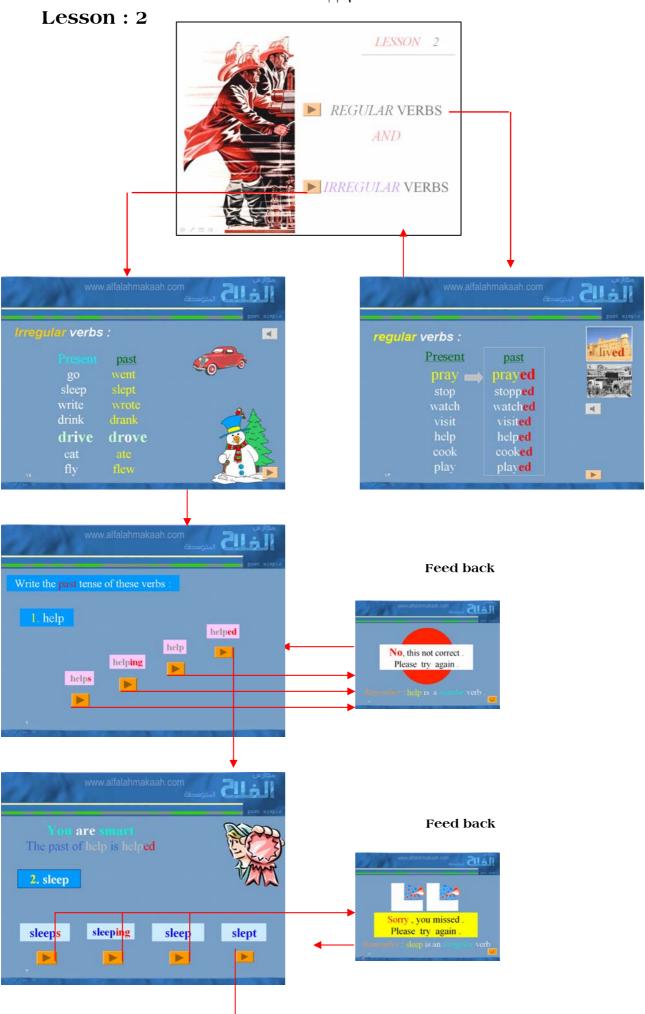
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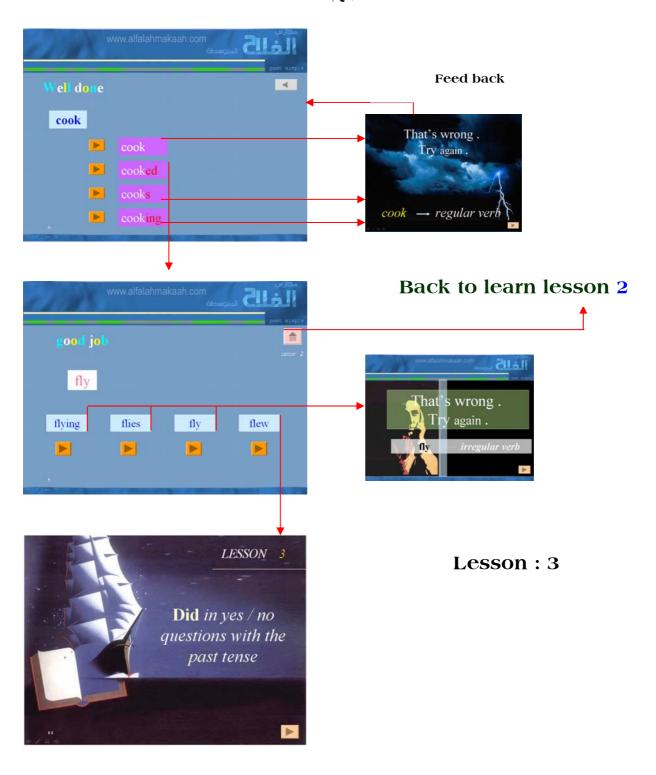






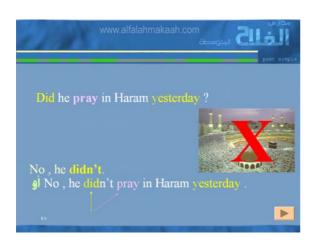


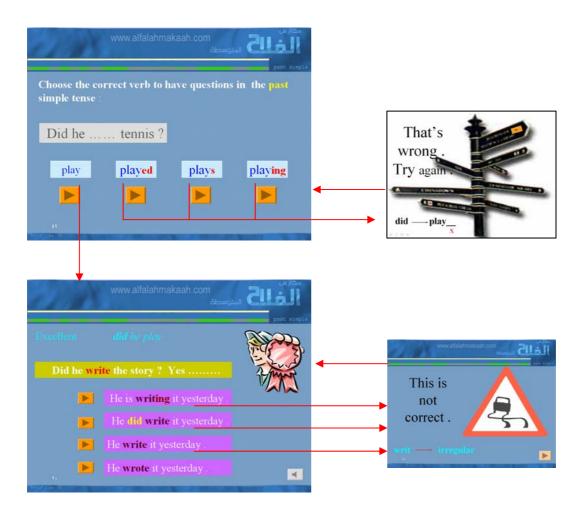


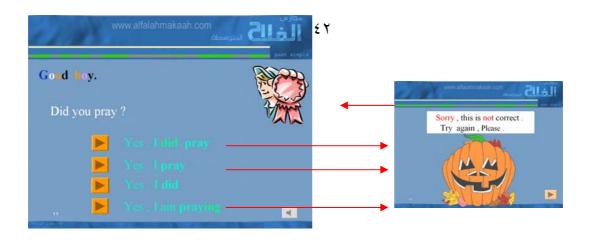


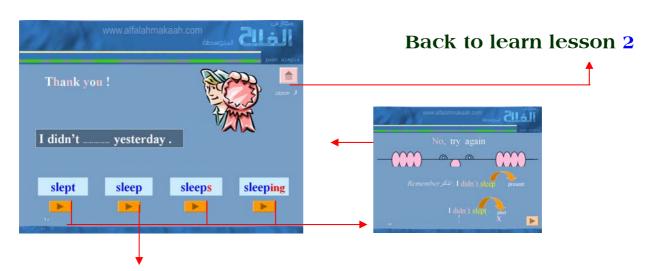














Lesson: 4

